

**Institute of Social & Cultural Studies  
Faculty of Behavioral & Social Sciences  
University of the Punjab, Lahore  
Course Outline**



<b>Programme</b>	BS Criminology	<b>Course Code</b>	BSC211	<b>Credit Hours</b>	3
<b>Course Title</b>	Applied Criminology				

**Learning outcomes** After studying the course, the students will be able to;

- i. develop understanding about crime, criminals, criminal behavior and criminal justice system
- ii. understand the aspects of policing, forensic science and related dimensions.
- iii. develop skills and hands-on-training with regard to practical issues
- iv. Have insight into the ethical issues related with criminal investigation and criminal justice system.

**Content**

**Unit 1.: Introduction to applied criminology**

- Concept and definition
- Applied aspects of crime
- Role of criminologist in crime prevention

**Unit 2.: Areas and institutions**

- Role of detective agencies
- Role of forensic laboratories
- Restorative justice and victim – offenders mediation

**Unit. 3.: Areas and institutions**

- Role of detective agencies
- Role of forensic laboratories
- Restorative justice and victim – offenders mediation

**Unit 4.: Strategies and approaches**

- Problem solving policy
- Criminal investigation analysis
- Crime mapping and geographical crime analysis
- Role of Citizen Police Liaison Committee (CPLC) in crime prevention
- Forensic evidence and justice system

## Unit. 5.: Implications

- Individual protection
- Community protection
- Society protection
- Professional justice for inmate
- Criminology as crime solving science
- Professional research

### Assessment & Examination

Sr. No.	Elements	Weightage	Details
1	Midterm Assessment	35%	It take place at the mid-point of the Semester
2	Formative Assessment	25%	It is continuous assessment. It includes classroom participation, attendance, assignments, presentations, homework, attitude and behavior, hands-on-activities, short tests, quizzes etc.
3	Final Assessment	40%	It take place at the end of the semester. It is mostly in the form of test, but owing to the nature of the course the teacher may assess their students based on term paper, research proposal development, field work and report writing etc.

### Recommended Books

- Bonger, W. A. (2015). *An introduction to criminology*. Routledge.
- Vito, G. F., & Maahs, J. R. (2015). *Criminology*. Jones & Bartlett Publishers.
- Johnson, E. H. (1978). *Crime, correction, and society: introduction to criminology*. Dorsey Press.
- Kiely Terrence F. (2006). *Forensic Evidence; Science and the Criminal Law*, , Tylor and Francis, London
- Horwell, John (2004). *The Practical of Crime Science Investigation*, CRC Press, London
- Schneider, Stephen, (2010). *Crime prevention; Theory and Practice*, Talor and Francis Group, New York
- Melossi, Dario (2008). *Controlling Crime, Controlling Society*, Polity Press, Cambridge
- Dutelle, Aric W.,(2011). *An introduction to Crime Scene Investigation*, Jones and Bartlett Publishing, Boston
- Paynich, Rebecca (2010). *Fundamentals of Crime Mapping*, Jones and Bartlett Publishing, Boston
- Ashwoht, Andre (2010). *Sentencing and Criminal Justice*(5<sup>th</sup> ed). Cambridge University, Cambridge

- Smith, Susan J. (2010). *Crime, Space and Society*. Cambridge University, Cambridge
- Goswami, B. K, A. (1987). *Critical study of Criminology and Penology*. Allahabad law Agency, Allahbad